

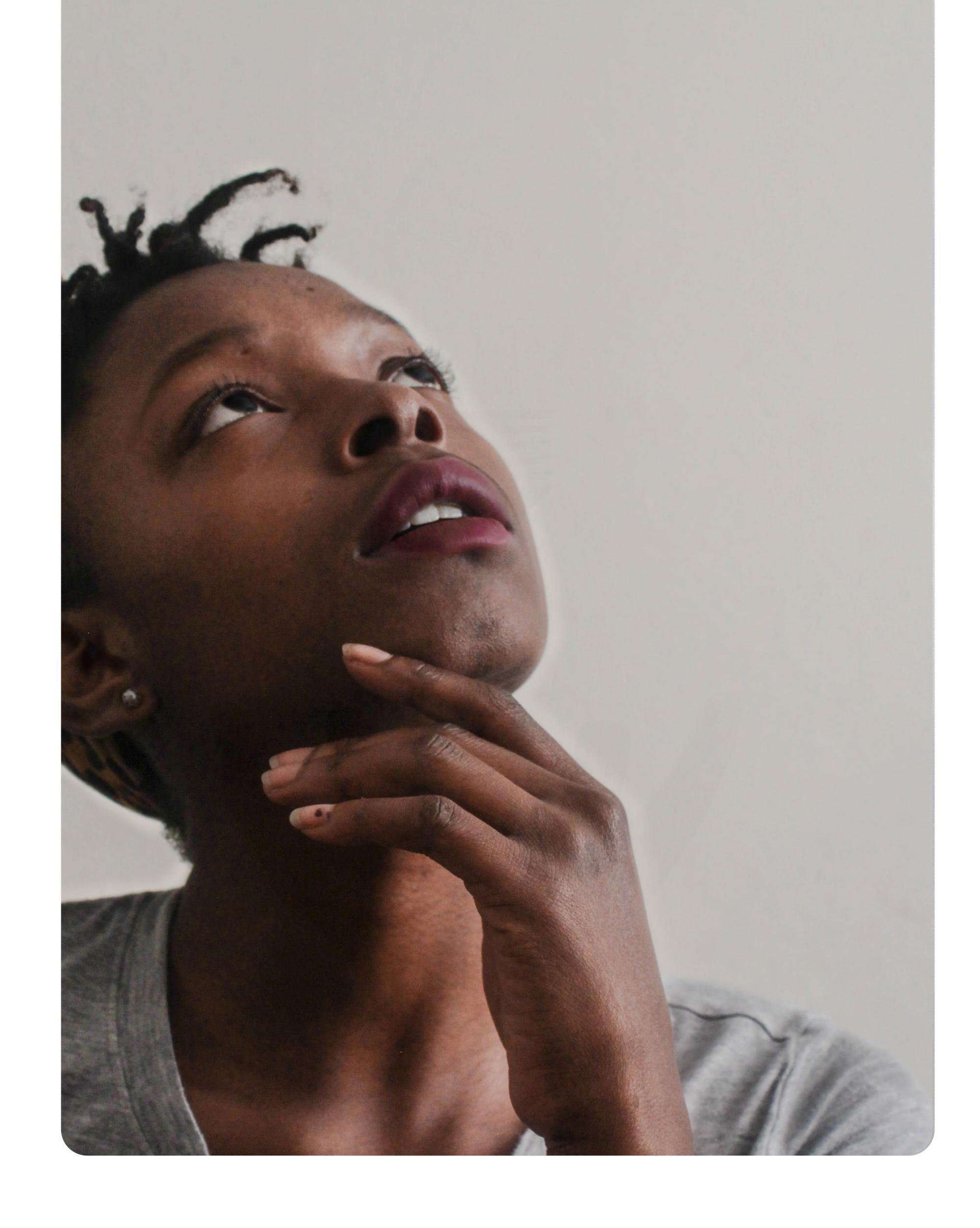
Activity Decision Making 101

Making Decisions

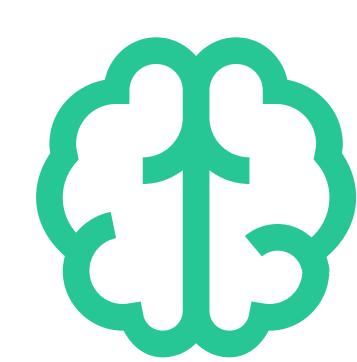
Every day, each of us makes countless decisions, most of them of little importance.

Will I hit snooze on the alarm one more time? What cereal will I eat for breakfast? Will I do my homework tonight or put it off? You probably don't struggle much with these kinds of decisions. After all, they're part of ordinary life.

The bigger decisions, though, these can be tricky. Decisions about the future, like what career to pursue or what to study at university. Difficult interpersonal decisions such as how to stand up to a bully or handle conflict with a friend.



Why do we struggle with decision making?



Risk-Averse Brains

Our ancient past was a dangerous place - staying away from risks is a trait we learnt to keep us safe!

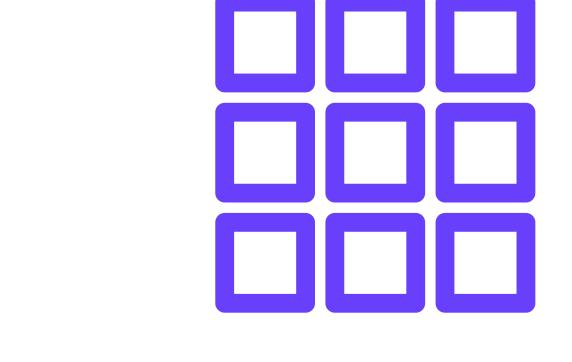


Often stopping us from making decisions is the fear of being locked into one! Fear of commitment is common, but very few decisions we make are permanent!



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When deciding whether to take a leap of faith, sometimes failure seems like the worst thing that could ever happen.



Decision Fatigue

When faced with lots of choices, sometimes we just can't decide!
Ever endlessly scrolled through
Netflix, not knowing what to watch?

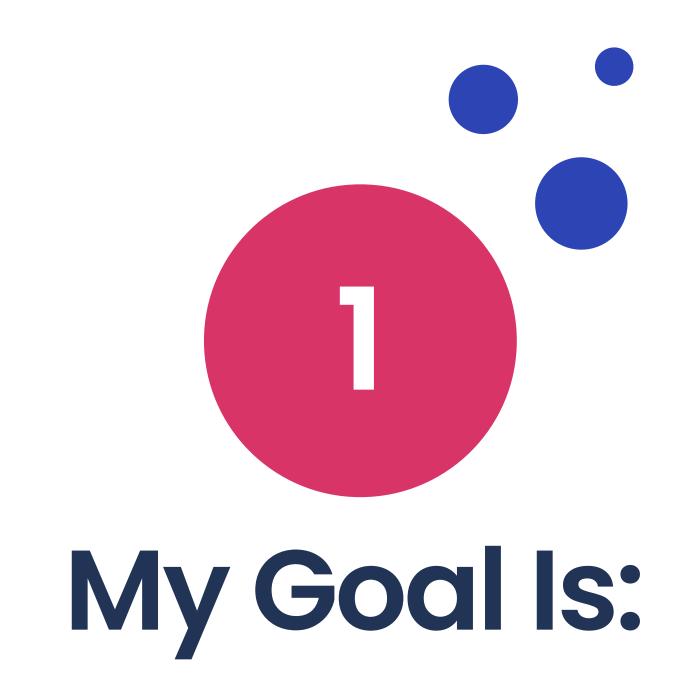
Decision Making 101



Activity Decision Making 101

Activity: Action Plan - Bouncing Back

Looking ahead is key to planning our decision making process, and helps us make better decisions in general. Any decision we make, ideal or not, just leads us to more opportunities! This is a good thing - any negative outcome can be 'fixed' by just another decision!



Write down a long-term goal you want to achieve.

is a good thing - any negative outcome t another decision!		
Initial Decision		
In the box below, write the first action you would take in achieving your goal.		

2



Identify 3 potential outcomes of your inital decision: the best, the 'ok' and the worst!

Best Case	The 'OK'	Worst Case
	New Best Case	New Best Case
Bouncing Back		
How will you turn		
those 'not-ideal'		
outcomes into your		
new best-case		
scenario?		

Decision Making 101